<u>Trend Study 17-35-97</u>

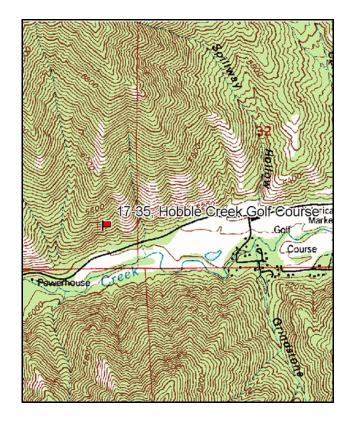
Study site name: <u>Hobble Creek Golf Course</u>. Vegetation type: <u>Gambel Oakbrush</u>.

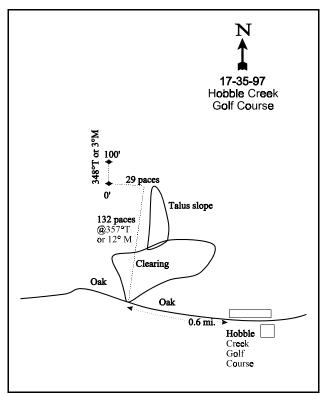
Compass bearing: frequency baseline 348 degrees magnetic.

Frequency belt placement: line 1 (11, 34, 59, 71 & 95 ft).

LOCATION DESCRIPTION

From Hobble Creek Golf Course Club House, proceed west toward Springville for 0.60 miles until you come to a clearing in the oakbrush to the north. From the beginning of the clearing, walk 132 paces at 357 degrees true in a northeasterly direction through the clearing and up a talus draw. Once at the top of the talus draw, the 0-foot baseline stake is located 29 paces away at an azimuth of 263 degrees true. The study is marked by green steel "T" fenceposts approximately 12 to 18 inches in height. A red browse tag, number 3981, is attached to the 0-foot baseline stake.





Map Name: Springville

Township <u>7S</u>, Range <u>4E</u>, Section <u>31</u>

Diagrammatic Sketch

GPS: NAD 27, UTM 12S 4445634 N 455751 E

DISCUSSION

Hobble Creek Golf Course - Trend Study No. 17-35

***SUSPENDED - This site was suspended in 2002. The site is poor and contains little winter browse forage for big game.

This trend study is located on a south facing slope, immediately north of Hobble Creek Golf Course. The slope is steep (65-70%) and the site is very dry and within the limits of severe winter range. Elevation is approximately 5,200 feet. In 1983, heavy and intense past deer use was evidenced by the density of pellet groups, the level of use on key browse species, the presence of antler drops, and the finding of at least five winter-killed deer in the immediate vicinity. By 1997, there is very little wildlife use observable. The range type is sparse mixed mountain brush characterized by scattered clumps of low growing Gambel oak, true mountain mahogany, and Saskatoon serviceberry. However, the bulk of the soil surface is occupied by talus, rimrock, and grass-forb openings.

The soil is shallow and exposed bare soil is almost nonexistent. Large areas are occupied by talus slopes and much of the remaining surface is in a near talus condition. Variable sized angular rocks are the dominant feature on this site. Drainage is very fast and erosion is a serious problem. Vegetative and litter cover are both sparse.

Shrub density, although very scattered, includes three species; service berry, true mountain mahogany, and Gambel oak. There is also occasional individuals of mountain big sagebrush and the slightly more abundant broom snakeweed. Key species designation should probably include all three of the principal shrubs. Gambel oakbrush density was estimated at 7,900 stems/acre in 1997. The density is higher than previously reported because density measurements were made in the same place the vegetative measurements were made. Also, stems for each plant were counted rather than clumps that may have been counted in the past. Saskatoon serviceberry density was estimated at 180 plants/acre in 1997. Due to the much larger sample used in 1997, this density is a much more representative estimate than the 2,099 plants/acre estimated in 1989. These plants were heavily browsed in 1983 and 1989, but showed only light utilization and good vigor in 1997. The plants are relatively short, averaging only 28 inches in height in 1997. This would indicate what poor potential the site has. True mountain mahogany was not sampled in 1997. This was due to the increased sample size which is more representative of the area. Broom snakeweed shows a slight increase in density while height and crown measurements have remained nearly the same.

Herbaceous composition is typical of many other depleted, poor condition sites on this unit. Among perennial grasses, bulbous bluegrass is dominant, providing 54% of the grass cover, followed by smaller amounts of bluebunch wheatgrass. In 1997, smooth brome was encountered on the site. Annual grasses are very abundant. Cheatgrass brome, rattlesnake brome, and sixweeks fescue all occur.

Forbs occur infrequently and are generally low or moderate in palatability. Northern bedstraw is most abundant followed by Louisiana sage, yellow salsify, and longleaf phlox. Also present are a myriad of annual forbs.

1983 APPARENT TREND ASSESSMENT

Most evidence suggests a declining range trend. Soil condition is poor and will likely not improve without some sort of intervening treatment. Vegetationally, low value grasses and forbs are becoming increasingly dominant. The key browse species are barely holding their own, or as in the case of serviceberry and to a lesser extent mountain mahogany, actually declining.

1989 TREND ASSESSMENT

Early drying grasses found on this site probably account for the differences found in the percent litter and vegetative cover between 1983 and 1989. The total ground cover is the same between years. Rock and pavement make up a significant 56% of the total, a slight increase since 1983. The three main browse species on this sparse mountain brush site appear to have improved vigor and less utilization than in 1983. From all signs, the area appears to receive moderate use by big game. Use is limited to winter and spring and cover is fair. The herbaceous component shows little change. Sandberg bluegrass was sampled on the site in 1989.

TREND ASSESSMENT

soil - stable (3)browse - up slightly (4)herbaceous understory - stable (3)

1997 TREND ASSESSMENT

Soil trend on this site is stable, but condition is very poor. There is very little soil on the surface and no erosion is apparent. Cover is dominated by rock and litter. Although density for the browse species may have changed since 1989, this is due to the improved sampling method and much larger sample size used in 1997 which is more reflective of the true densities of the browse. Browse species showed very little utilization this season and show good vigor. Lighter use is also apparent with almost no pellet groups being found on the site. The herbaceous understory composition remains similar to that sampled in previous years. One addition to the grass component in 1997 is smooth brome. The herbaceous understory trend is stable.

TREND ASSESSMENT

soil - stable (3)

browse - stable (3)

herbaceous understory - stable (3)

HERBACEOUS TRENDS --

Herd unit 17, Study no: 35

T Species y p	Nested	Freque	ncy	Quadra	Average Cover %		
e	'83	'89	'97	'83	'89	'97	'97
G Agropyron spicatum	_b 134	_a 85	_a 85	54	37	32	2.55
G Bromus brizaeformis (a)	-	-	56	-	-	23	.31
G Bromus inermis	a ⁻	a ⁻	_b 47	-	-	16	.98
G Bromus tectorum (a)	-	-	182	-	-	63	3.62
G Oryzopsis hymenoides	-	7	-	-	3	-	-
G Poa bulbosa	_a 177	_b 232	_b 245	64	81	86	9.03
G Poa secunda	a-	_b 76	_a 7	-	33	3	.31
Total for Annual Grasses	0	0	238	0	0	86	3.93
Total for Perennial Grasses	311	400	384	118	154	137	12.88
Total for Grasses	311	400	622	118	154	223	16.81
F Alyssum alyssoides (a)	-	-	10	-	-	5	.02
F Allium spp.	-	-	4	_	-	1	.03
F Artemisia ludoviciana	_a 36	_b 63	_a 42	15	26	18	.45
F Aster chilensis	2	1	3	1	1	1	.15

T y p	Species	Nested	Freque	ncy	Quadra	Average Cover %		
e		'83	'89	'97	'83	'89	'97	'97
F	Cirsium spp.	-	-	3	-	-	1	.00
F	Cymopterus spp.	-	-	1	-	-	1	.15
F	Eriogonum brevicaule	-	1	6	-	1	2	.06
F	Erigeron spp.	-	1	2	-	1	2	.01
F	Galium aparine (a)	-	-	55	-	-	22	.27
F	Lathyrus brachycalyx	_b 12	a-	ab3	4	-	1	.15
F	Lactuca serriola	a ⁻	_a 1	_b 22	-	1	10	.19
F	Lomatium dissectum	6	8	-	4	5	-	-
F	Phlox longifolia	_a 3	_{ab} 10	_b 17	1	5	7	.22
F	Tragopogon dubius	8	2	4	4	1	3	.01
F	Trifolium gymnocarpon	-	-	8	-	-	3	.01
Te	Total for Annual Forbs		0	65	0	0	27	0.29
T	otal for Perennial Forbs	67	86	115	29	40	50	1.47
_	otal for Forbs	67	86	180	29	40	77	1.76

Values with different subscript letters are significantly different at alpha = 0.10 (annuals excluded)

BROWSE TRENDS --

Herd unit 17, Study no: 35

T y	Species	Strip Frequency	Average Cover %
p e		'97	'97
В	Amelanchier alnifolia	5	.31
В	Gutierrezia sarothrae	15	1.00
В	Quercus gambelii	70	11.08
To	otal for Browse	90	12.40

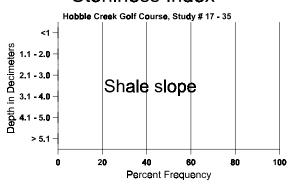
BASIC COVER --

Herd unit 17, Study no: 35

Cover Type	Nested Frequency	Average	Cover %)
	'97	'83	'89	'97
Vegetation	341	.25	8.50	33.93
Rock	332	39.50	46.75	36.16
Pavement	128	8.00	8.75	2.91
Litter	366	46.50	30.00	31.53
Cryptogams	-	1.00	0	0
Bare Ground	108	4.75	6.00	2.54

887

Stoniness Index



PELLET GROUP FREQUENCY --

Herd unit 17, Study no: 35

Туре	Quadrat
	Frequency
	'97
Deer	1

BROWSE CHARACTERISTICS --

Herd unit 17, Study no: 35

	iu u	nit I/, S	iuuy i	10. 55											т	T		
												Class			Plants	Average		Total
	R		`			,									Per Acre	(inches)		
E		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	1 01 11010	Ht. Cr.		
-						3	0	,	0		1		3			11t. C1.		
A	mela	inchier a	lnifoli	a														
S	83	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	33			1
	89	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	0			0
	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0			0
Y	83	-	5	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	20	9	-	1133			34
	89	10	10	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	22	2	2	-	866			26
	97	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	60			3
Μ	83	-	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	12	-	466	24	14	14
	89	4	11	10	2	3	_	_	-	_	20	2	7	1	1000	16	10	30
	97	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	120		28	6
D	83	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	0			0
	89	4	2	1	-	_	_	_	-	_	3	_	1	3	233			7
	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0			0
%	Plar	nts Show	ing	Mo	derate	Use	Неа	avy U	se	Po	Poor Vigor %Change							
		'83		109			90%				1%				_	+24%		
		'89		449			219				2%					-91%		
	97 11%				00%)%					7170				
		91		117	⁄ 0		007	0		U	7/0							
Т	otal l	Plants/A	cre (ex	keludir	ıg Dea	id & Se	eedlin	gs)					'83	3	1599	Dec:		0%
													'89)	2099			11%
													'9'		180			0%
													,	•	100			570

	Y R	Form Cl	ass (N	Plants))				Vigor Cl	ass			Plants Per Acre	Average (inches)	Total		
E		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	rei Acie	Ht. Cr.	
C	erco	carpus mo	ontanı	ıs													
S	83	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	33		1
	89	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	33		1
_	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0		0
Y	83 89	2 7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 7	-	-	-	66 233		2 7
	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0		0
Μ	83	-	4	_	_	-	-	_	1	-	5	-	_	-	166	67 63	5
	89	-	1	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	5	-	-	-	166	87 94	5
	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0		0
D	83	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	33		1
	89 97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0		0
0/		nts Showi	ina	Mo	derate	Ligo	-	vy U			oor Vigor			_		//Change	
/0	1 Iai	165 SHOW	ing	50%		USC	13%		<u>SC</u>		3%					+34%	
		'89		25%			00%)%					- 1, 0	
		'97		00%	o		00%	o		00)%						
$ _{T_i}$	otal l	Plants/Ac	re (ex	cludin	g Dea	d & S	eedlin	gs)					'83		265	Dec:	12%
			(<i>5</i> – •••			<i>6-)</i>					'89		399		0%
													'97		0		0%
G	utier	rezia sarc	othrae														
Y	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0		0
	89 97	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	0 20		0
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	97	34	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	34	-	_	-	680		34
%		nts Showi	ing	Mo	derate	Use	Hea	avy U	se	Po	oor Vigor					%Change	
		'83	8	00%	ó		00%		<u></u>)%					+14%	
	'89 00%						00%)%				-	+33%	
		'97		00%	ó		00%	6		00)%						
$ _{T_i}$	Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)												'83		400	Dec:	_
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													'97		700		-

A	Y R	Form C	lass (N	lo. of l	Plants)				Vigor C	lass			Plants Per Acre	Average (inches)		Total	
E	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	1 Cl Acic	Ht. Cr.		
Q	uercu	us gamb	elii															
S	83	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	66			2
	89 97	1 13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 13	-	-	-	33 260			13
Y	83	2	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	-	-	1066			32
	89 97	29 315	2 60	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	35 375	-	2	-	1233 7500			37 375
M	83	-	14	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	500	58	23	15
	89 97	32 3	6 1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	37 4	1 -	1 -	-	1300 80	30 28	20 23	39 4
D	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0			0
	89 97	5 15	5 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 14	-	1	1 2	333 320			10 16
X	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0			0
	89 97	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0 400			0 20
0/0		nts Show	ing -	- Mo	derate	- Use	- Hes	vy Us	- se	P _C	oor Vigor	<u>-</u>				//Change	<u> </u>	20
/ 0	1 101	'83		94%		- C5 C	02%		<u>50</u>)%	-				+45%	<u> </u>	
						00%				5%				-	+64%			
	'97 16% 00% .										0%							
Т	Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)												'83		1566	Dec		0%
													'89 '97		2866 7900			12% 4%